

Smart materials for energy efficient IAQ management







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ANNEX 86

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1

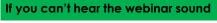


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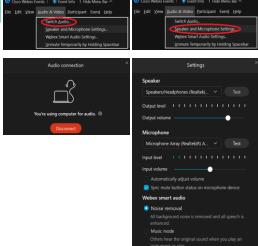
Time	Activity
14:00	Welcome and introduction
	Menghao Qin – DTU, DK
14:10	Metal-organic Frameworks for indoor environment control
	Menghao Qin – DTU, DK
14:30	Passive Removal Materials for Indoor Air Improvement: Performance Evaluation and Modeling
	Doyun Won & Mitra Bahri – NRC, CA
14:50	Electrospun fibers for Supply Air Filtration in residential buildings,
	Alireza Afshari – AAU, DK
15:10	Impact of VOC and moisture buffering capacities of bio-based building materials on IAQ and indoor
	RH: the case of hemp concrete
	Anh Dung TRAN LE –UPJV, FR
15.30	Discussion
	Jensen Zhang – SU, USA
15.45	End of meeting





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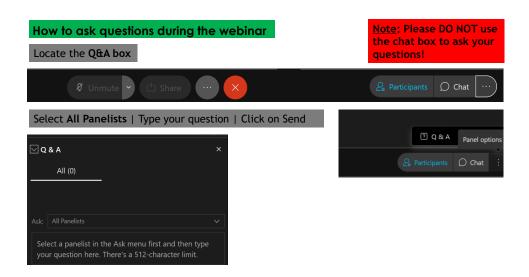


3



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NOTES:

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5



IEA Annex 86 Subtask 3

Smart materials as an IAQ management strategy

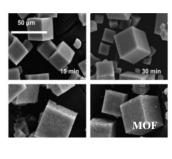
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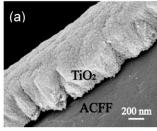
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General description

 ST 3 identifies opportunities to use novel materials (from advanced functional nanomaterials to bio-based building materials) as building components to actively/passively manage the IAQ, for example, through active paint, wallboards and textiles coated with advanced sorbents or catalysts and quantify their potential based on the assessment framework developed in ST 1.







Date

DIO

Title

DTU

Activities

A3.1 Material properties and characterization of the products

Literature survey and laboratory testing to gather relevant data and existing knowledge about properties for transport, retention, and adsorption of chemical substances and moisture in new functional materials (e.g. Metal-organic frameworks (MOFs), photo-catalysts, precise humidity control material (PHCM), hemp concrete, etc.). The synergistic effect of VOC and moisture on the removal performance of the new materials will be studied.

A3.2 Modelling of the behaviour under typical residential conditions

Model setup and laboratory tests to analyse the performance of the new materials for IAQ control in residential buildings. The behaviour of the materials over time under different climates will be analysed and corresponding control strategies for IAQ management will be developed.

A3.3 Assessing energy-saving and exposure reduction potential

Numerical simulations to study the energy-saving and exposure reduction potential of the new smart materials in residential buildings under different climatic conditions.

Date DTU Title 8



Stakeholders involved:

- Manufacturers of building materials shall be involved regarding testing and possible codevelopment of products that have a function to absorb indoor pollutants.
- Building designers, health organizations, and technological institutes who make testing for industry and run their labelling systems are also among potential stakeholders.

Deliverables:

- D3.1 A comprehensive review of ad/desorption and transport properties of the smart materials developed in the project for IAQ control.
- D3.2 Mechanistic models for estimating the energy-saving and exposure reduction potential of the new materials under realistic environmental conditions. The data and models will be published in scientific journal articles and a project report.
- D3.3 A test method for evaluating VOC removal performance of the new materials under a realistic built environment.

AAU (DK), Aalborg University BBRI (BE), Belgian Building Research Institute BUCEA (CN), Beijing University of Civil Engineering and CSIRO (AU), Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation DTU (DK), Technical University of Denmark ESPCI (FR), ESPCI Paris - PSL University GU (BE), Ghent University IPV-FEUP (PT), Polytechnic Institute of Viseu (IPV) and **Participants** University of Porto (FEUP) KUL (BE), KU Leuven LBNL (USA), Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory MatNova (BE), Material Nova NJU (CN), Nanjing University NRC (CA), National Research Council SJTU (CN), Shanghai Jiao Tong University **SU** (USA), Syracuse University TJU (CN), Tianjin University TU/e (NL), Eindhoven University of Technology **UPJV** (FR), University of Picardie Jules Verne 10 I