Resilient ventilative cooling & venticool the platform for resilient ventilative cooling

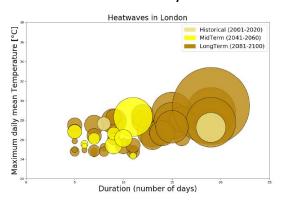
Hilde Breesch, KU Leuven Peter Wouters, INIVE

1

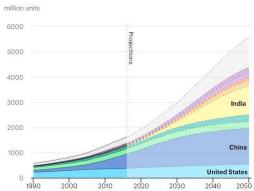


Context

Heat waves: severity & duration



Global energy demand cooling



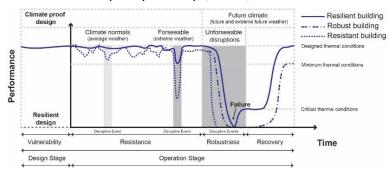
Source: IEA (2018) The Future of Cooling

Source: IEA EBC Annex 80 preliminary results

3

Ventilative cooling part of resilient cooling strategy

- · Ventilative cooling performance
 - · prevent overheating combined with building design & solar control
 - Satisfactory performance, but fail to function in extraordinary scenarios
- Resilience = ability of building/system
 - · withstand disruptions
 - · maintain capacity to adapt, learn, transform



Source: Attia et al: Annex 80: Resilient cooling

Ventilative cooling in standards, legislation & energy performance calculations

- Energy performance regulations
 - · key market drivers
 - Ventilative cooling: mature assessment thermal comfort & ventilation losses
- Standards, legislation & energy performance calculation need to include
 - · Assessment of overheating
 - Assessment of resilient natural & mechanical ventilative cooling
 - · Design calculation methods
- venticool's concern = international (CEN, ISO) but also national

5

venticool's position

- Ventilative cooling -> reduce cooling energy need
- Implementation of ventilative cooling is limited
- venticool
 - Asks standards & legislation writers: fair & easy evaluation ventilative cooling performance
 - Provides knowledge & tools for designers to assess potential & limitations
- Focus on resilient cooling -> stimulate uptake of ventilative cooling



