

# IEA Annex 77 (?)

## Smart overheating prevention and Resilient Cooling

in changing urban climates

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## Challenge

- Urbanisation and densification, together with climate change raise issues of overheating prevention & resilient cooling.
- The phenomenon of an increasing need for cooling is relevant for both new and existing, residential and commercial buildings in all densely populated areas all over the world.
- The rapid development towards overheating and cooling need of homes is a global and multi-dimensional issue ...

## Challenge

- **Energy System Issue:** Worldwide energy demand and peak-loads for air-conditioning is rising at dramatic speed, rising the danger of blackouts and grid instability and compromising the implementation of green electricity production.
- **Public health:** Suffering from heatwaves without protection from decently designed homes not only is an issue of comfort but of health.
- **Sociocultural issue:** Low-income people are most vulnerably exposed to heat stress, e.g. living in dense and polluted urban areas, in poorly designed homes without air-conditioning

## Chance

- This global challenge calls for concerted action; not at least at technological level.
- Cooperative research towards resilient cooling technologies offers realistic options for both tackling the challenge and furthermore boosting appropriate technological development.
- From today's point of view, promising fields of technical development are expected in the following areas ...

## Possible Developments

- **Passive cooling**, prevailingly at low-cost-level, ready for application in refurbishment, increasing the robustness against heatwaves.  
**E.g. effective sun protection, reflective coatings, effects from plants**
- **Natural cooling**, not at least for temporary and local cooling.  
**E.g. night ventilation together with PCM, comfort ventilation, including adiabatic effects**
- **Active cooling devices**, energy efficient and adaptive, ready for use in renovation, possibly including heat storage effects for increased robustness and for lowering/shifting peak-loads. **E.g. Low exergy cooling emitters. Low  $\Delta T$  chillers, personal comfort control**
- **Combined heating & cooling solutions**, making use of low energy cooling and heating and seasonal heat storage, **E.g. borehole heat exchangers together with GSHP and free-cooling**

## Annex Scope

- *How can resilient and carbon neutral technologies be developed and implemented to face the challenge of building overheating prevention and cooling in dense urban surroundings?*
- Emphasis shall be put on energy-efficiency as well as resilience: robustness against weather extremes, robustness against blackouts and accessibility for people with low income and applicability to existing, poorly constructed flats.
- The annex will address both residential and non-residential buildings, however, these two sectors will be treated separately. The Annex will address both new constructions and renovation.
- The Annex will welcome contributors from all climate zones, taking advantage of learning from and further developing very specific approaches and solutions.

## Annex Subtasks

The Annex will be structured in three Subtasks

A Knowledge Base

B Solutions

C Case Studies

## Subtask A: Knowledge base

- **Decision making toolkit:** Develop a set of criteria for the specific applicability of solutions for overheating prevention and resilient cooling. Driven by parameters such as climate, air-quality, noise level, building construction, building-use.
- **Local Climate Effects:** Investigate the quantitative effect of the building's adjacent micro- and meso-climate to building design: urban heat islands, evapotranspiration from green façades, warm upwinds at dark facades and others. Develop amendments to general climate data sets.
- **Health impacts:** Develop a comprehensive excerpt of up to date knowledge regarding health impacts of heat-stress.

## Subtask B: Solutions

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## Subtask C: Case Studies

- Provide a set of well documented case-studies, including a wide variety of solutions from all possible climate zones. The case studies shall not only illustrate the variety of possible solutions and encourage further application.
- Carry out post occupancy performance evaluations, additional to the case-studies, wherever possible. Explain best practise as well as limitations and learnings.

## The Plan

- Write the Annex concept proposal: **Done**
  - Send it to the IEA EBC Program's Executive Committee: **Done**
  - Present it at the ExCo's Ottawa meeting at Nov 8<sup>th</sup>, 2017 hopefully getting the decision of acceptance. **Scheduled**
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- 1 year preparation phase until Nov 2018
  - 3 year working phase until Nov 2021
  - 1 year reporting phase until Nov 2022

## Outlook on Preparation Phase

- Formulating national research items
  - Formulating overarching research items
  - Raising money
  - Team building
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- Starting in Jan 2017
  - Virtual Communication via Mailing List, dropbox, webmeetings
  - Real Communication at workshops, adjacent to topical conferences
  - Final preparation workshop at AIVC 2018, Antibes Juan-Les-Pins
  - Decision upon Annex working phase by ExCo in Nov 2018

## The Invitation

- You are very much invited to consider joining the new Annex. If so, please ...
  - Let me know:  
[peter.holzer@building-research.at](mailto:peter.holzer@building-research.at)
  - Let your ExCo representative know, before Nov 8<sup>th</sup> !!  
<http://www.iea-ebc.org/contacts/>
- Interest so far from Australia, Austria, Belgium, China, Denmark, France, Italy, Japan, Netherlands, Great Britain

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Thank You !