

Evaluation of an Interior Air Barrier System with Dynamic Water Vapor Control in North American Climates

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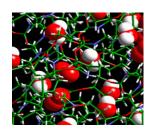
- What is a smart vapor retarder?
- Dynamic water vapor permeance
- Physical property durability protocol
  - Water vapor permeance
  - Air permeance
  - Tensile strength
- Large scale air barrier system performance testing
- Hygrothermal analysis example

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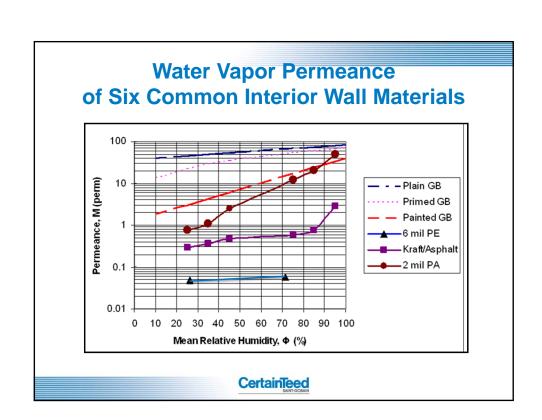
## Agenda

#### What is a Smart Vapor Retarder (SVR)?

- A 2 mil (50 μm) polyamide (nylon) air impermeable, plastic film
- Nylon and water molecules are negatively charged
- At 60% RH a water molecule's charge exceeds that of 2 mil polyamide film forcing apart the polymer chains
- The chains close when the RH drops below 60%



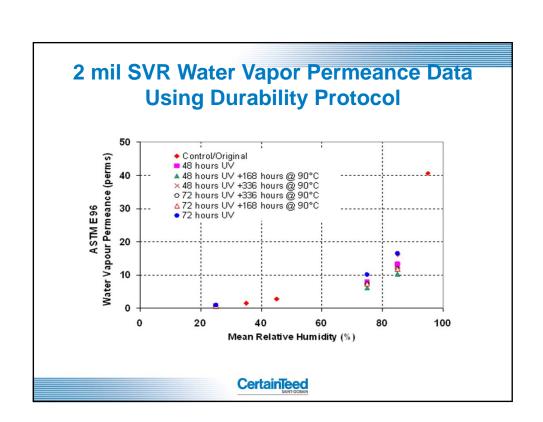


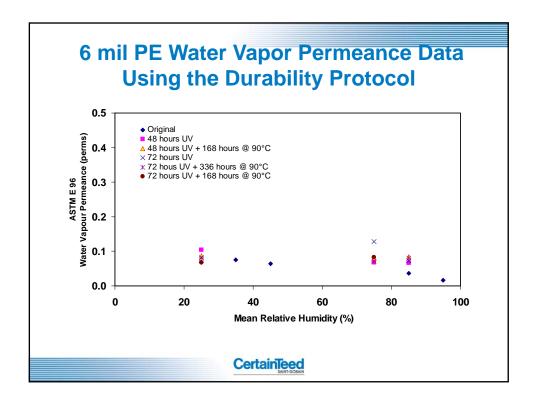


#### **NRC Canada Evaluation Durability Protocol**

- Q-UV apparatus (UVA-340 lamps ) operated in accordance with ASTM G 53
- · One cycle equivalent to:
  - 8 hours of UV radiation at 60°C
  - 4 hours of condensation at 40°C
- UV Exposure
  - Level 1 48 h (4 cycles)
  - Level 2 72 h (6 cycles)
- Heat ageing at 90°C using ASTM D 3045
  - 168 h (1 week)
  - 336 h (2 weeks)







### Mechanical Property Results Using Durability Protocol

- Mechanical, water vapor permeance and air permeance properties do not change under controlled and prolonged laboratory simulated extreme exposure conditions
- Overall accelerated weathering performance of SVR is found to be equivalent or better compared to traditional 6-mil polyethylene to function as dual vapor and air barrier
- Tensile strength of SVR was 2 to 4 times greater than 6 mil polyethylene with the same extreme exposure conditions
- SVR material is sensitive to long-term extreme environmental exposure conditions, not applicable for indoor applications, comprising of ultra-violet (UV) light and elevated temperature





### CCMC Tech Guide 07272 / ASTM E 2357 Air Barrier System Evaluation

- Air Leakage Tests @ 75 Pa (25 mph)
- (Positive & Negative Loading Cycles)
  - Sustained load (1 hour each) at 600 Pa (70 mph)
  - Cyclic load (1000 3 s cycles each) at 800 Pa (80 mph)
  - Gust load (3 s each) at 1200 Pa (100 mph)



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#### **CCMC MemBrain Test Specimen #1**

#### Opaque Wall System





#### **CCMC MemBrain Test Specimen #2**

Window & Penetrations Wall System





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#### **Wall Penetrations**















#### **CCMC MemBrain Test Specimen #3**

Opaque Wall System with Vertical Seam



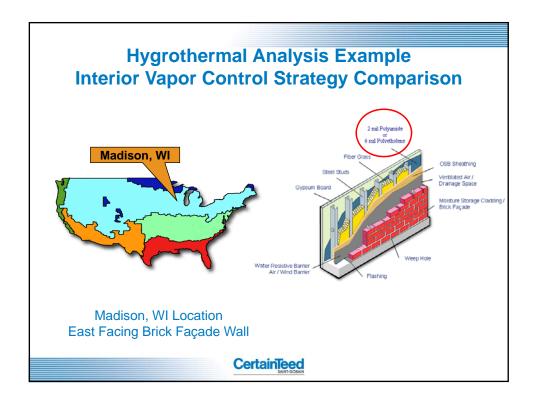
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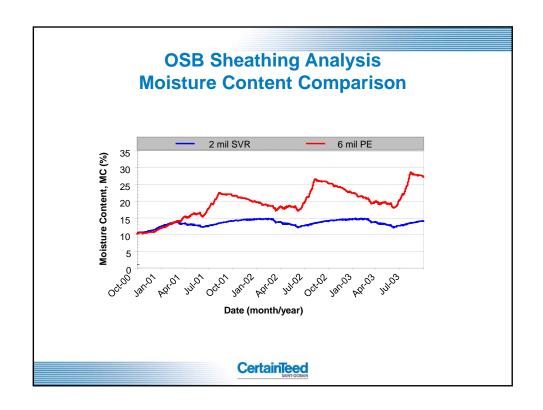
#### **CCMC SVR Air Barrier System Results**

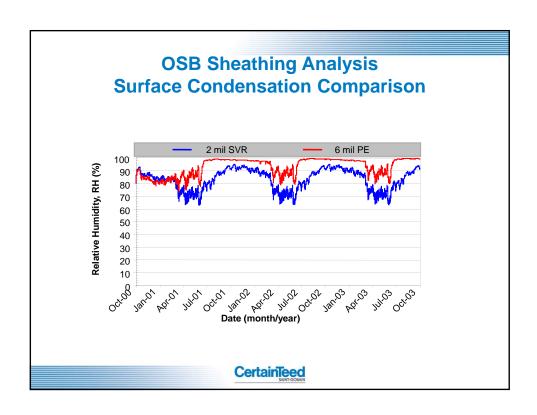
ASTM E 2357 [Code Requirement of 0.04 cfm/ft<sup>2</sup>]

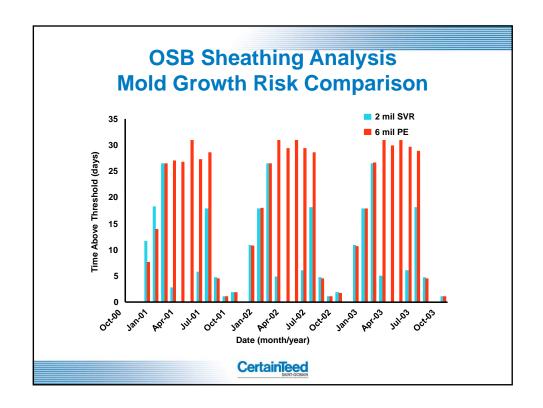
Wall Test Specimen	Air Flow Direction	Original Air Leakage	After Structural Leakage
		(cfm/ft²) [L/s/m²]	(cfm/ft²) [L/s/m²]
06-06-M0230-1	-	0.006 [0.030]	0.008 [0.038]
(Opaque Wall)	+	0.009 [0.045]	0.010 [0.050]
06-06-M0230-2	-	0.006 [0.032]	0.014 [0.069]
(Penetrations Wall)	+	0.006 [0.030]	0.014 [0.069]
06-06-M0230-3	-	0.008 [0.038]	0.010 [0.047]
(Vertical Seam Wall)	+	0.007 [0.034]	0.007 [0.036]

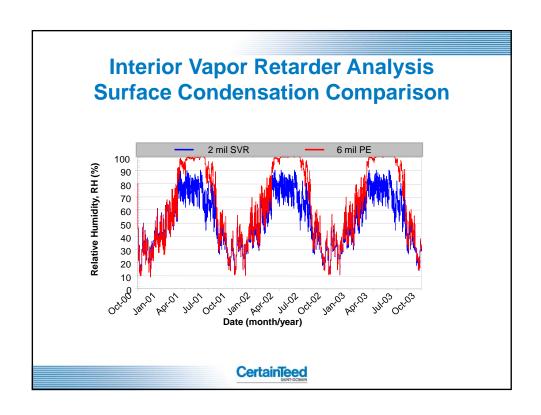
## **Hygrothermal Analysis Performance Example**

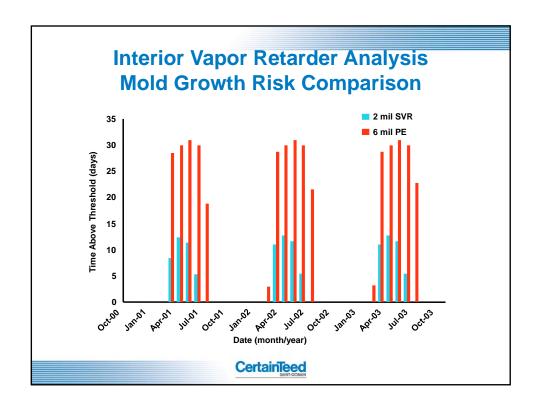












# Question & Answer Session Thank you for your attention!