

HIGHLIGHTS IAQ Metrics Workshop

Air Infiltration and Ventilation Centre
Brussels, Belgium
14-15 March 2017



Overview

- What is the problem?
- What do we already know?
- What is the solution?
- What do we need to do to achieve this?

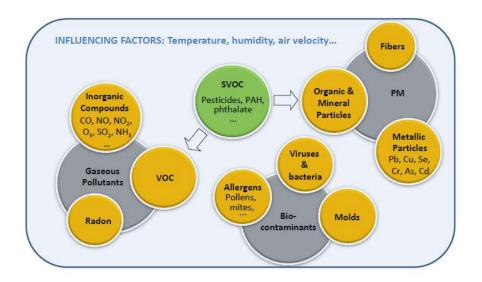




WHAT IS THE PROBLEM?







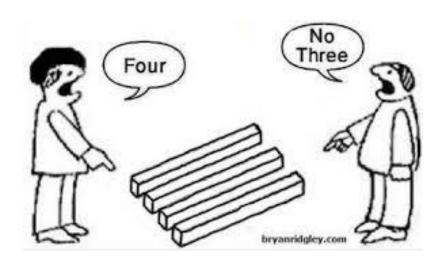




WHAT DO WE KNOW ALREADY?

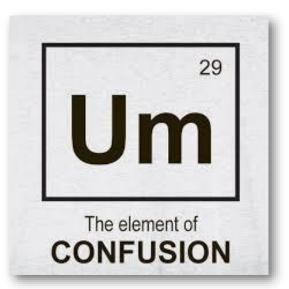












ON TWITTER: Teichman at @AIVCnews workshop average weight of #IAQ in green building rating schemes worldwide is 7.5%











WHAT ARE THE SOLUTIONS?



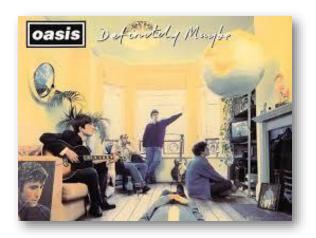






ON TWITTER: We need to consider particle-chemical-biological interactions in #IAQ - @WBahnfleth talking @AIVCnews workshop





ON TWITTER: Can CO2 be a metric for **#IAQ?** It's a "definitely maybe" from Andy Persily - provided we know the limitations













ON TWITTER: Performance based building needs to focus on end result not the means -Marcel Loomans @AIVCnews #IAQ





Cohas (1996)

any pollutant

$$I_{BEGI} = \begin{cases} \max \left(\frac{C_i^{\text{obs}} - ELVC_i}{ELVa_i - ELVC_i} \right) si \ C_i^{\text{obs}} > ELVC_i \\ \max \left(\frac{C_i^{\text{obs}} - ELVC_i}{ELVC_i} \right) si \ C_i^{\text{obs}} \leq ELVC_i \end{cases}$$

Gadeau (1996)

CO, CO2, NO2, HCHO

$I_{\text{CLBG2000}} = \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{\left[CO \right]}{30} + \frac{\left[CO_{2} \right]}{4500} + \frac{\left[NO_{2} \right]}{0.4} + \frac{\left[HCHO \right]}{0.06} \right)$

Castanet (1998)

CO, CO₂, Bacteria

$$I_{{\scriptscriptstyle LHVP}} = \frac{\left[CO\right]}{5} + \frac{\left[CO_{\scriptscriptstyle 2}\right]}{1000} + \frac{\left[Bacteria\right]}{1000}$$

Chiang and Lai (2002)

CO, CO₂, HCHO, TVOC, PM₁₀

$$I_{IEI_IMQ} = \frac{1}{p} \sum_{i=1}^{p} Grade_{i}$$

CO $_{2^\prime}$ NO $_{2^\prime}$ SO $_{2^\prime}$ O $_{3^\prime}$ CO, HCHO, Acetaldehyde, Ethylbenzene, Styrene, Toluene, o-Xylene, Acetone, PM $_{**}$, PM $_{**}$

$$I_{QUAD-BBC} = \sum_{i=1}^{p} \frac{C_i^{OS}}{ELV_i}$$

Sofuoglu and Moschandreas (2003)

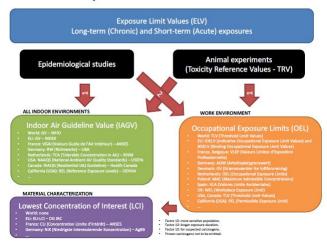
Formaldehyde, TVOC, CO, CO₂, PM_{2.5}, PM₁₀, Fungi, Bacteria

$$I_{LOPI} = \frac{1}{8} \sum_{i=1}^{8} 10 \times \left[1 - \frac{C_i^{\text{max}} - C_i^{\text{obs}}}{C_i^{\text{max}} - C_i^{\text{min}}} \left(\frac{ELVc_i - C_i^{\text{obs}}}{ELVc_i} \right) \right]$$





Exposure Limit Values







$$DALY_{disease} = YLL_{disease} + YLD_{disease}$$

DALY: disability adjusted life years lost

YLL: equivalent years of life lost to premature death

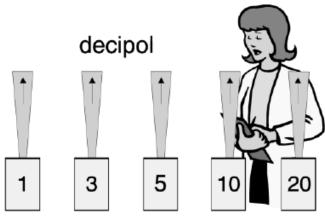
(mortality)

YLD: equivalent years of life where reduced health or

disability is experienced (morbidity)





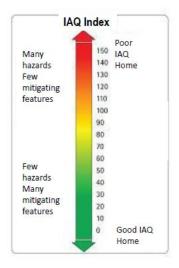


2-propanone

ON TWITTER: Wargocki at AIVC #IAQ Metrics workshop-Key advantages of PAQ: accounts for exposure, response, pollutant interactions. @WargockiPawel







ON TWITTER: Can we create a single number housing **#IAQ** rating metric? Interesting talk on this complex challenge by Iain Walker @AIVCnews workshop

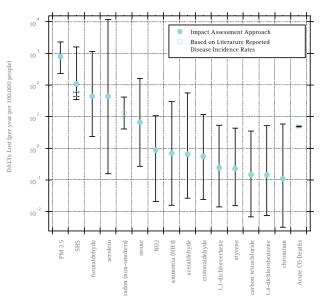




WHAT DO WE NEED TO ACHIEVE THESE SOLUTIONS?





























With thanks to

Cath Noakes

Iain Walker

Manfred Plagmann

UNITED KINGDOM · CHINA · MALAYSIA



See you at the AIVC Conference in Nottingham 13-14th September 2017



