

EBC-IEA ANNEX 78: Operating Agents Dr. Bjarne W. Olesen, Technical University of Denmark. Dr. Pawel Wargocki, Technical University of Denmark. PREPARATION PHASE 01-07-2018 TO 30-06-2019 WORKING PHASE 01-07-2019 TO 30-06-2023 REPORTING PHASE 01-07-2023 TO 30-06-2024

ANNEX STRUCTURE

- Subtask A: Energy benefits using gas phase air cleaning
 - Subtask leader: Alireza Afshari, Denmark
 - Co-leader: Sasan Sadrizadeh, Sweden
- Subtask B: How to partly substitute ventilation by air cleaning
 - Subtask leader: Pawel Wargocki, Denmark
 - Co-leader: Shin-Ichi Tanabe , Japan
- Subtask C: Selection and testing standards for air cleaners
 - Subtask leader: Paolo Tronville, Italy
 - Co-leader: Jinhan Mo, China
- Subtask D: Performance modelling and long-term field validation of gas phase air cleaning technologies
 - Subtask leader: Karel Kabele, Czech
 - Co-leader: Jensen Chang, USA

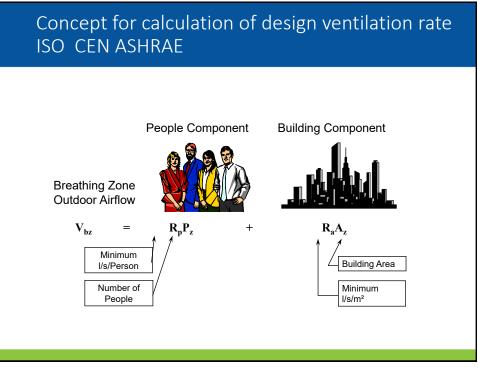
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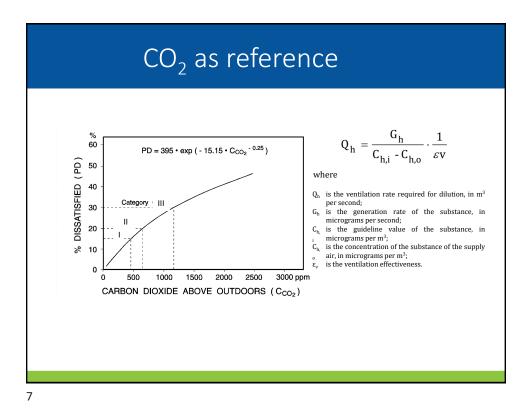
<section-header> ANNEX MEMBERS Czech China Denmark Japan Singapore Sweden USA Turkey

Planned deliverables

- A. A method for predicting the energy performance of gas phase air cleaning technologies and the possible reduction of energy use for ventilation.
- B. A validated procedure for supplementing (partly substituting) required ventilation rates with gas phase air cleaning.
- C. A test method for air cleaning technologies that besides chemical measurements include perceived air quality as a measure of performance.
- D. A report on the long-term performance of gas phase air cleaning.
- E. Models for predicting the performance of gas phase air cleaning
- F. A report on Gas Phase Air Cleaning Technologies







CONCEPT OF SUPPLEMENTING VENTILATION BY GAS PHASE AIR CLEANING.

• Clean Air Delivery Rate (CADR)

- CADR = $\varepsilon_{PAQ} \cdot Q_{AP} \cdot (3,6/V)$
- where:
- $\boldsymbol{\epsilon}_{clean}$ or $\boldsymbol{\epsilon}_{PAQ.}$ is the air cleaning efficiency
- Q_{AP} · is the air flow through the air cleaner, l/s;
- V is the volume of the room, m³.

• Air Cleaning Efficiency

• $\varepsilon_{\text{clean}} = 100(C_U - C_D)/C_D$

where:

- $\boldsymbol{\epsilon}_{clean}$ is the air cleaning efficiency
- $C_{\rm U}\,$ is the gas concentration before air cleaner
- C_D is the gas concentration after air cleaner.

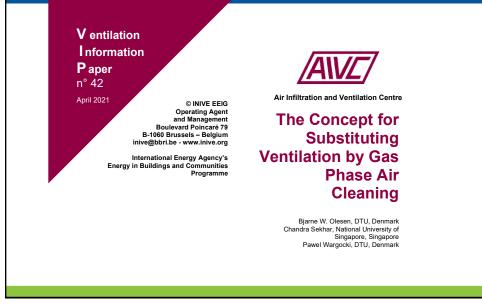
 $\varepsilon_{PAQ} = Q_o / Q_{AP} \cdot (PAQ / PAQ_{AP} - 1) \cdot 100$

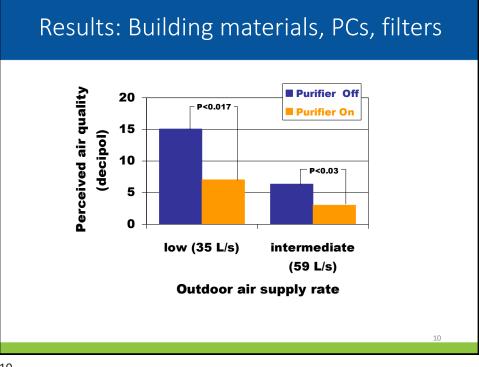
where:

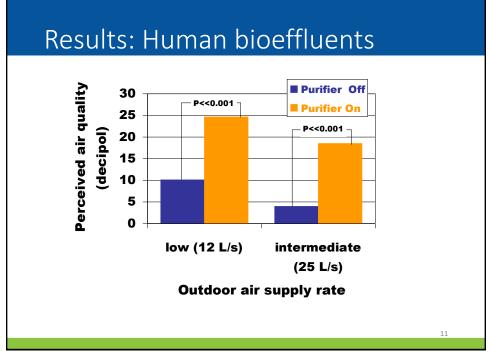
- $\epsilon_{PAQ}\;$ is the air cleaning efficiency for perceived air quality;
- Q_o is the ventilation rate without air cleaner, l/s;
- + Q_{AP} is the ventilation rate with air cleaner, 1/s;
- PAQ is the perceived air quality without the air cleaner, decipol;
- + PAQ_{AP} is the perceived air quality without the air cleaner, decipol

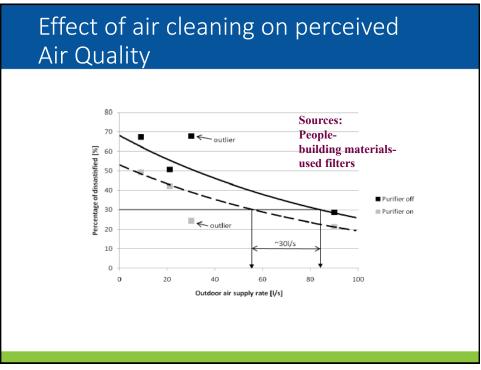
Higher Air Quality Category

CONCEPT OF SUPPLEMENTING VENTILATION BY GAS PHASE AIR CLEANING.









Clean Air Delivery rate per person

